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## **CLAIMS:**

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1. A seismic survey system, comprising:

- a plurality of data sources positioned about an area to be surveyed, each data source being associated with a transmitter capable of transmitting data;
- a plurality of cells each containing a portion of the data sources and their associated transmitters, one of the transmitters within each cell also serving as a gateway for receiving data transmitted from the other data source transmitters within the cell; and
  - a plurality of independent pathways each containing a portion of the gateways whereby data may be transmitted along each pathway via the gateways and associated transmitters in that pathway.
  - 2. The seismic survey system of claim 1, further wherein the transmitter capable of transmitting data comprises a transmitter capable of wirelessly transmitting data.
  - 3. The seismic survey system of claim 1, further comprising a computing and storing center for receiving the data transmitted along each pathway.
- 15 4. The seismic survey system of claim 3, further comprising at least a pair of relay points through which the data transmitted along each independent pathway is relayed to the computing and storing center.
  - 5. The seismic survey system of claim 1, further comprising a fixed-base facility to which the data is transmitted.
- 20 6. The seismic survey system of claim 5, further comprising a recording truck through which the data is transmitted to the fixed-base facility.
  - 7. The seismic survey system of claim 1, wherein the transmitters capable of transmitting data are capable of transmitting data in an asynchronous mode.
- 8. The seismic survey system of claim 1, wherein the transmitters capable of transmitting data are capable of transmitting data in a synchronous mode.
  - 9. The seismic survey system of claim 1, wherein the data is transmitted along each independent pathway according to frequency division multiplexing.

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- 10. The seismic survey system of claim 1, wherein the data is transmitted along each pathway according to time division multiplexing.
- 11. The seismic survey system of claim 1, wherein the distance between gateways of adjacent cells is limited according to transmission licensing constraints.
- 5 12. The seismic survey system of claim 1, wherein the distance between gateways of adjacent cells is limited to improve reliability.
  - 13. The seismic survey system of claim 1, wherein the pathways are substantially linear.
  - 14. The seismic survey system of claim 1, wherein the cells overlap.
  - 15. The seismic survey system of claim 1, wherein the cells are interleaved.
- 10 · 16. A seismic survey system, comprising:

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- a plurality of cells each containing a plurality of data sources, wherein:
  - at least one of the data sources also serves as a gateway;
  - the data sources within each cell are associated with a transmitter for transmitting data to the gateway within that cell, and
  - the gateways of adjacent cells are associated with a transmitter for transmitting data between one another; and
  - a plurality of independent pathways each containing a portion of the gateways whereby data may be transmitted along each pathway via the gateways and associated transmitters in that pathway.
- 20 17. The seismic survey system of claim 16, further wherein the transmitter capable of transmitting data comprises a transmitter capable of transmitting data via a wireless means.
  - 18. The seismic survey system of claim 16, further comprising a computing and storing center for receiving the data transmitted along each pathway.
- 19. The seismic survey system of claim 18, further comprising at least a pair of relay points through which the data transmitted along each independent pathway is relayed to the computing and storing center.

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- 20. The seismic survey system of claim 16, further comprising a fixed-base facility to which the data is transmitted.
- 21. The seismic survey system of claim 20, further comprising a recording truck through which the data is transmitted to the fixed-base facility.
- 5 22. The seismic survey system of claim 16, wherein the transmitters capable of transmitting data are capable of transmitting data in an asynchronous mode.
  - 23. The seismic survey system of claim 16, wherein the transmitters capable of transmitting data are capable of transmitting data in a synchronous mode.
- 24. The seismic survey system of claim 16, wherein the data is transmitted along each independent pathway according to frequency division multiplexing.
  - 25. The seismic survey system of claim 16, wherein the data is transmitted along each pathway according to time division multiplexing.
  - 26. The seismic survey system of claim 16, wherein the distance between gateways of adjacent cells is limited according to transmission licensing constraints.
- 15 27. The seismic survey system of claim 16, wherein the distance between gateways of adjacent cells is limited to improve reliability.
  - 28. The seismic survey system of claim 16, wherein the pathways are substantially linear.
  - 29. The seismic survey system of claim 16, wherein the cells overlap.
  - 30. The seismic survey system of claim 16, wherein the cells are interleaved.
- 20 31. A method of conducting a seismic survey, comprising: positioning a plurality of seismic data sources about an area to be surveyed; defining a plurality of cells such that each cell contains a portion of the seismic data

sources;

defining one of the seismic data sources within each cell to also serve as a gateway;

defining a plurality of independent pathways such that each pathway contains a portion of the gateways;

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within each respective cell, transmitting seismic data from the seismic data sources to the gateway; and

within each pathway, transmitting the seismic data from one gateway to another to reach a central location.

- 32. The method of claim 31, wherein transmitting the seismic data includes transmitting the seismic data using one of frequency division multiplexing and time division multiplexing.
  - 33. The method of claim 31, wherein defining the plurality of cells includes constraining the definition with transmission licensing constraints.
- 34. The method of claim 31, wherein defining the plurality of cells includes constraining the distance between cells to improve reliability.
  - 35. The method of claim 31, wherein defining the plurality of cells includes defining a plurality of overlapping cells.
  - 36. The method of claim 31, wherein defining the plurality of cells includes defining a plurality of interleaved cells.
- 15 37. The method of claim 31, wherein defining the independent pathways includes defining the independent pathways such that they include at least a pair of relay points through which the seismic data is transmitted to the central location.
  - 38. A method for use in seismic surveying, comprising:

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- collecting a plurality of seismic data at a plurality of seismic data sources, the seismic data sources being organized into a plurality of cells, each cell including a gateway;
- transmitting the collected seismic data through a plurality of independent pathways through the gateways to a central location;

collecting the transmitted seismic data at the central location.

- 39. The method of claim 38, wherein transmitting the collected seismic data includes transmitting the collected seismic data using one of frequency division multiplexing and time division multiplexing.
  - 40. The method of claim 38, wherein the cell definitions are constrained with transmission licensing constraints.

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- 41. The method of claim 38, wherein the distance between cells is constrained to improve reliability.
- 42. The method of claim 38, wherein the cells overlap.
- 43. The method of claim 38, wherein cells are interleaved.
- 5 44. The method of claim 38, wherein defining the independent pathways include at least a pair of relay points through which the collected seismic data is transmitted to the central location.